## Art Curriculum Overview



| Year group | Term 1 | Term 2 | Term 3 | Term 4 | Term 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Artist focused work | Printing | Still Life | Collages | Portraits |
| 3 and 4 | Artist focused work | Pottery | Still Life | Weaving | Portraits |
| 5 and 6 | Artist focused work | Sculpture | Still Life | Mosaic | Portraits |



## Art Curriculum Overview

| Milestone 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| 1 | Year 1 - choose an artist. <br> Year 2 - choose and artist | Printing | Collages |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |
| 5 |  | Sketching still life | Portraits |
| 6 |  |  |  |

## Art Curriculum Overview

| Milestone 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| 1 | Year 3 - choose an artist. <br> Year 4 - choose and artist | Pottery | Weaving/Sewing |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |
| 5 |  | Sketching still life | Portraits |
| 6 |  |  |  |

## Art Curriculum Overview

| Week | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Year 5 - choose an artist | Sculpture | Mosaic |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Year 6 - choose and artist |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Art Curriculum Overview

## Master

Practical
Skills

- Respond to ideas and starting points.
- Explore ideas and collect visual information.
- Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop.
- Use thick and thin brushes.
- Mix primary colours to make secondary.
- Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones.
- Create colour wheels.
- Use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued.
- Sort and arrange materials.
- Mix materials to create texture.
- Use a combination of shapes.
- Include lines and texture.
- Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials.
- Use objects to create prints (e.g. fruit, vegetables or sponges).
- Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints.
- Use weaving to create a pattern.
- Join materials using glue and/or a stitch. - Use plaiting.
- Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.
- Collect information, sketches and resources.
- Adapt and refine ideas as they progress.
- Explore ideas in a variety of ways.
- Comment on artworks using visual language.
- Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines.
- Mix colours effectively.
- Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail.
- Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage.
- Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials).
- Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.
- Collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketch book.
- Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas.
- Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses.
- Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of visual language.
- Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour.
- Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world.
- Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually interesting pieces.
- Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece.
- Use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture.
- Develop a personal style of painting, drawing upon ideas from other artists.


## Art Curriculum Overview

| Master <br> Practical <br> Skills | Use dip dye techniques. <br> • <br> Use a wide range of tools to create different <br> textures, lines, tones, colours and shapes. |
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- Use clay and other mouldable materials.
- Add materials to provide interesting detail.
- Use different hardnesses of pencils to show line, tone and texture.
- Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas.
- Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes).
- Use layers of two or more colours.
- Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments.
- Make printing blocks (e.g. from coiled string glued to a block).
- Make precise repeating patterns.
- Shape and stitch materials.
- Use basic cross stitch and back stitch.
- Colour fabric.
- Create weavings.
- Quilt, pad and gather fabric.
- Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they were created.
- Mix textures (rough and smooth, plain and patterned).
- Combine visual and tactile qualities.
- Use ceramic mosaic materials and techniques.
- Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations.
- Use tools to carve and add shapes, texture and pattern.
- Combine visual and tactile qualities.
- Use frameworks (such as wire or moulds) to provide stability and form.
- Use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects (e.g. reflections, shadows, direction of sunlight).
- Use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and reflection.
- Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or impressionistic)
- Use lines to represent movement.
- Build up layers of colours.
- Create an accurate pattern, showing fine detail.
- Use a range of visual elements to reflect the purpose of the work.
- Show precision in techniques.


## Art Curriculum Overview



## Art Curriculum Overview

| Take Inspiration | Describe the work of notable <br> artists, artisans and designers. <br> Use some of the ideas of artists <br> studied to create pieces. |
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- Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers.
- Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others.
- Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or impressionistic).
- Use lines to represent movement.
- Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers.
- Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists.
- Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles.
- Combine previously learned techniques to create pieces.

The still life and portrait topics can be in whatever style the teacher decides (pencil, charcoal, watercolours, cubism etc.).

